

# Economic Activity, Prices, and Monetary Policy in Japan

Speech at a Meeting with Local Leaders in Saga

April 18, 2024

NOGUCHI Asahi Member of the Policy Board Bank of Japan

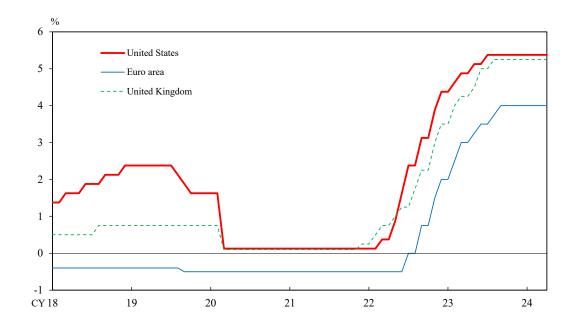
tril. yen y/y % chg. 600 10 500 5 400 0 Growth rate (right scale) 300 -5 Level (left scale) -10 200 CY 80 10 15 85 90 95 00 05 20

# Nominal GDP

Chart 1

Source: Cabinet Office.

### Policy Interest Rates in the United States and Europe

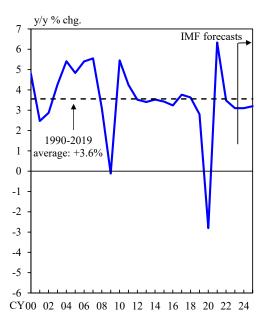


Note: Figures for the United States are the medians of the target ranges for the federal funds rate. Those for the euro area are the rates on the deposit facility. Sources: BIS; BOE; ECB; FRB.

Chart 3

## IMF Forecasts for Global Growth

Global Growth Rate



Major Economies' Growth Rates

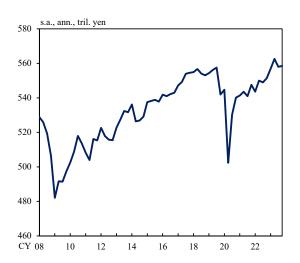
	y/y % chg											
			CY 2022	CY 2023 [Estimate]	CY 2024 [Forecast]	CY 2025 [Forecast]						
World			3.5	3.1	3.1	3.2						
		lvanced onomies	2.6	1.6	1.5	1.8						
		United States	1.9	2.5	2.1	1.7						
		Euro area	3.4	0.5	0.9	1.7						
		United Kingdom	4.3	0.5	0.6	1.6						
		Japan	1.0	1.9	0.9	0.8						
		herging market and veloping economies	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2						
		China	3.0	5.2	4.6	4.1						
		India	7.2	6.7	6.5	6.5						
		ASEAN-5	5.5	4.2	4.7	4.4						

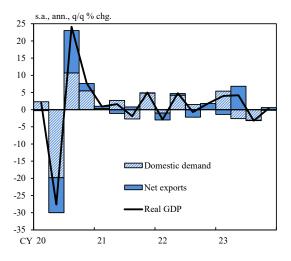
Note: Figures are as of January 2024. Source: IMF.

### Real GDP



#### Annualized Quarterly Growth Rate



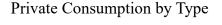


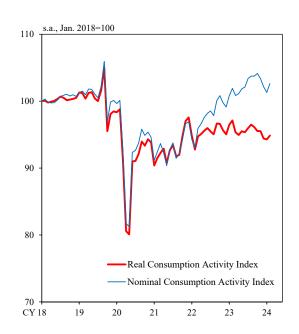
Source: Cabinet Office.

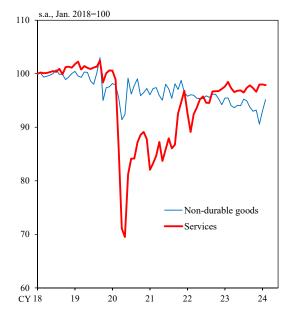
Chart 5

### **Real Private Consumption**









Notes: 1. In the left panel, figures are travel balance-adjusted.

2. In the right panel, figures are based on the real Consumption Activity Index. Source: Bank of Japan.

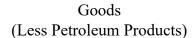
#### **Consumer Prices**

										y/y % chg.
	22/Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	23/Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	24/January	February
CPI for all items	0.9	2.4	2.9	3.9	3.6	3.3	3.2	2.9	2.2	2.8
Less fresh food	0.6	2.1	2.7	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.5	2.0	2.8
Less fresh food and energy	-0.9	0.9	1.5	2.8	3.5	4.2	4.3	3.8	3.5	3.2
Reference: contribution to the CPI (all items less fresh food)										
Energy	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	0.3	-0.6	-0.9	-0.9	-1.1	-0.1
Food products	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.1	1.0
General services	-1.3	-0.1	0.1	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1

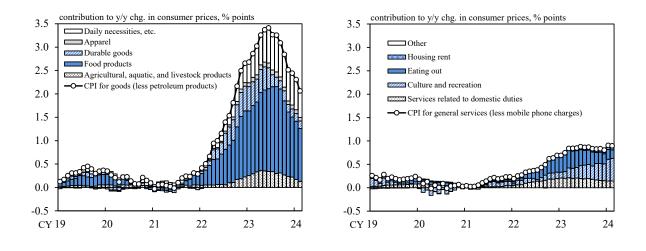
Source: Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications.

Chart 7

### CPI for Goods and Services



#### General Services (Less Mobile Phone Charges)



Notes: 1. Figures are the contribution to year-on-year changes in the CPI (less fresh food and energy). Figures are Bank staff estimates and exclude the effects of the consumption tax hike, policies concerning the provision of free education, travel subsidy programs, and the reduction in mobile phone charges.

In the right panel, figures for services related to domestic duties include services related to housing repairs and maintenance.
 Source: Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications.

# Changes in the Monetary Policy Framework (March 2024)

- As recent data and anecdotal information have gradually shown that <u>the virtuous cycle between wages and prices has</u> <u>become more solid</u>, the Bank judged **it came in sight that the price stability target of 2 percent would be achieved in a sustainable and stable manner** toward the end of the projection period of the January 2024 Outlook Report. It considers that **its large-scale monetary easing measures have fulfilled their roles**, including the negative interest rate policy and the yield curve control.
- With the price stability target, the Bank will conduct monetary policy as appropriate, **guiding the short-term interest rate as a primary policy tool**, in response to developments in economic activity and prices as well as financial conditions from the perspective of sustainable and stable achievement of the target. <u>Given the current outlook for economic activity and</u> <u>prices, it anticipates that accommodative financial conditions will be maintained for the time being</u>.

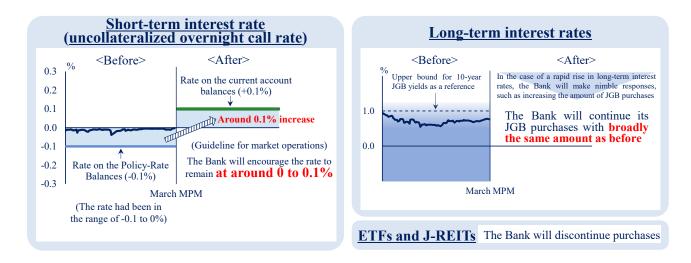
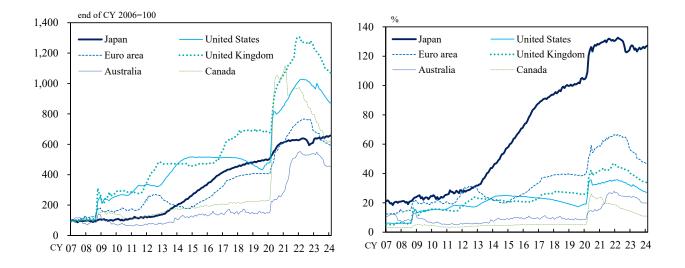


Chart 9

# Major Central Banks' Balance Sheets

Level

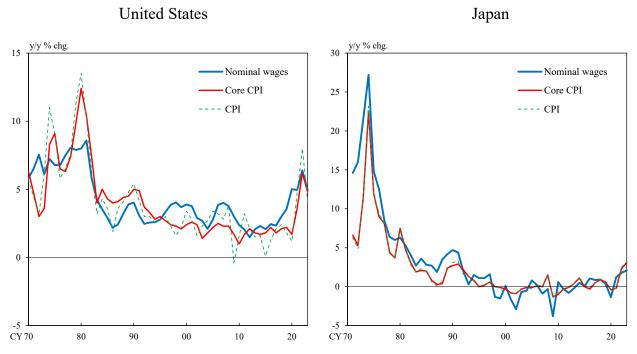
Ratio to Nominal GDP



Note: Figures for the United Kingdom until September 2014 are for total assets; from October 2014, they are for the sum of the main components of assets.

Sources: Data from central banks and statistical authorities; Haver Analytics.

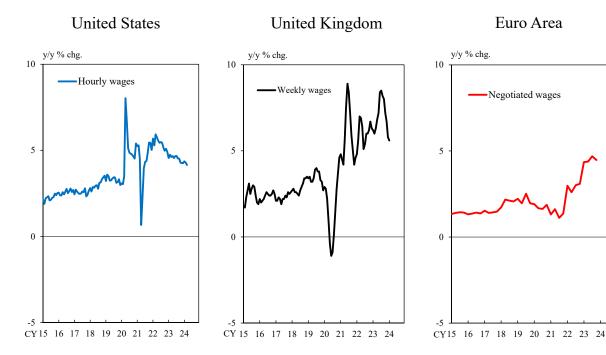
### Nominal Wages and CPI in the United States and Japan



Notes: 1. In the left panel, figures for nominal wages are for average hourly earnings of production and nonsupervisory employees.
2. In the right panel, figures for nominal wages are for total cash earnings. Those from 2016 onward are based on continuing observations following the sample revisions. Figures for the CPI and the core CPI exclude the effects of consumption tax hikes.
Sources: BLS; Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare; Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications.

Chart 11

# Nominal Wages in the United States and Europe

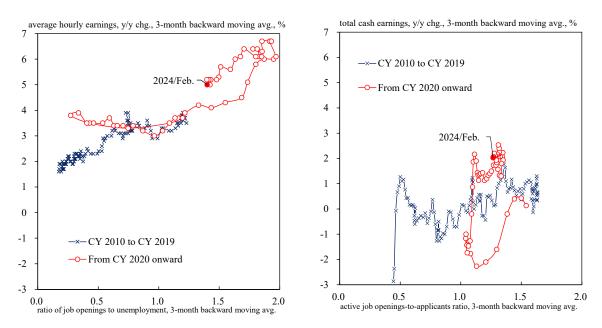


Note: Figures in the middle panel are 3-month backward moving averages. Sources: BLS; ECB; ONS.

# Labor Market Conditions and Wage Growth in the United States and Japan

United States (Average Hourly Earnings)

#### Japan (Total Cash Earnings)

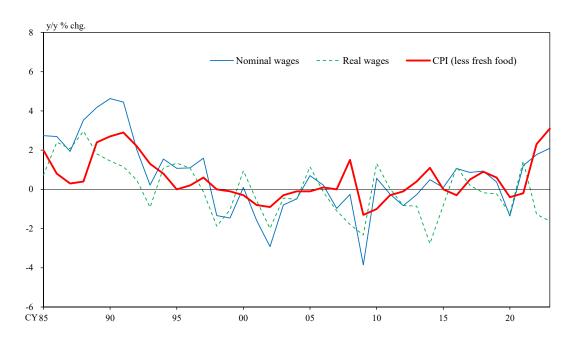


Notes: 1. In the left panel, figures for average hourly earnings are from the Atlanta Fed's Wage Growth Tracker. 2. In the right panel, figures for total cash earnings are for all employees. Figures from 2016 onward are based on continuing observations following the sample revisions.

Sources: Haver Analytics; Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare.

Chart 13

### Wages and CPI

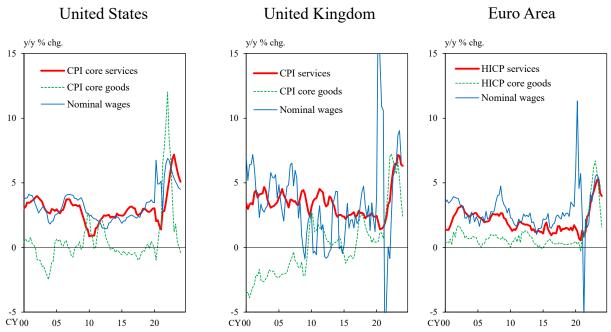


Note: Figures for the CPI (less fresh food) exclude the effects of consumption tax hikes. Figures for nominal wages and real wages from 2016 onward are based on continuing observations following the sample revisions.

Sources: Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare; Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications.

#### Chart 14

# Nominal Wages, Services Prices, and Goods Prices in the United States and Europe

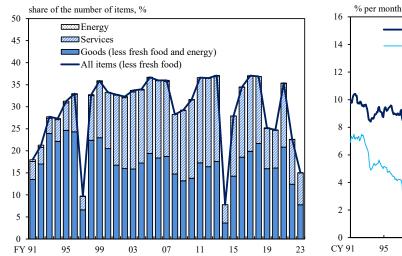


Note: Nominal wages are average hourly earnings. In the left panel, figures for U.S. nominal wages are for production and nonsupervisory employees. Sources: BLS; Haver Analytics.

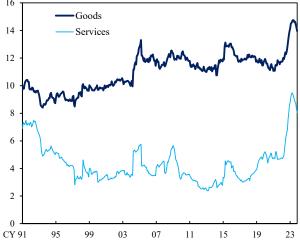
Chart 15

#### Price Revisions

#### Share of Items for Which Prices Were Unchanged



#### Frequency of Price Revisions

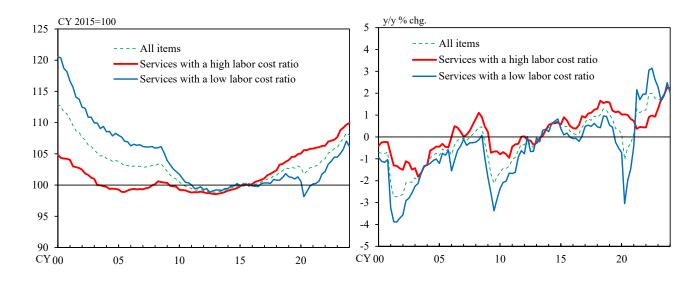


Notes: 1. In the left panel, figures are the share of items for which year-on-year price changes were within plus or minus 0.5 percent.
 2. In the right panel, figures are calculated based on the proportion of cities where the average price of individual items changed from the previous month (12-month backward moving averages). Data exclude fresh food, electricity, manufactured and piped gas, water charges, and housing rent. Temporary price changes due to, for example, consumption tax hikes and special sales are not incorporated.
 Source: Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications.

### Services Producer Prices

#### Index

Year-on-Year Change



Notes: 1. Figures exclude the effects of consumption tax hikes.

2. Figures for services are estimated based on the classification in the Bank's research paper "Final Draft of the Rebasing of the Services Producer Price Index to the Base Year 2020" released in February 2024 (available only in Japanese).

Source: Bank of Japan.